

IC 15-2.1-7

Chapter 7. TuberculosisBovine

IC 15-2.1-7-1

Testing; county appropriation

Sec. 1. TestingCounty Appropriation. Whenever the board determines that the cattle within an accredited county shall be tested for bovine tuberculosis to conform with federal regulations governing the reaccreditation of a county, the county council of such county shall make an appropriation of a sufficient amount of money to carry on such work, but the appropriation shall not exceed a tax levy of three-fourths (3/4) of a mill for each dollar of assessed valuation. The amount of money required shall be determined by the board from the most reliable source of information and shall reflect the number of cattle within the county. The board, before July 1 of the year in which the appropriation is to be made, shall notify the county auditor to have such amount of money included in the county budget for the year in which the testing of cattle for reaccreditation purposes is to be done. If the funds appropriated by the county council in accordance with the estimates submitted by the board are insufficient to complete the testing or any retesting which may be necessary to meet the requirements for reaccreditation, the board shall provide from its appropriation such additional funds as are necessary to carry out the testing program.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-7-2

Contract between county and board

Sec. 2. Contract Between County and Board. After an appropriation has been made by the county council of any county, the board of county commissioners of such county shall enter into a contract with the board to cover the work to be done in the county and the expenses to be borne by the county. The board shall prescribe a regulation or standard form of contract, the terms of which shall be uniform in their application to all the counties of the state insofar as expenditures for incidental items and the employment of veterinary inspectors are concerned.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-7-3

Veterinary inspector; employment

Sec. 3. Veterinary InspectorEmployment. A sufficient number of veterinary inspectors shall be employed to meet the requirements of this chapter. The veterinary inspectors shall meet the same qualifications as are required of applicants for license to practice veterinary medicine and surgery as provided for in this article, and shall be licensed or eligible for license to practice in the state of Indiana and accredited by the United States department of agriculture to do tuberculin testing. All veterinary inspectors shall operate at all times under the direct supervision and control of the board.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-7-4

Veterinary inspector; salary and expenses

Sec. 4. Veterinary Inspector~~Salary and Expenses~~. A veterinary inspector employed full time shall receive out of any money duly appropriated, an annual salary together with all necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, in an amount to be fixed by the board. All veterinary inspectors employed on a part-time basis shall be paid in an amount as fixed by the board. Veterinary inspectors shall file monthly with the auditor of the county where employed a sworn statement showing the number of days engaged and the amount of expense incurred in the performance of their official duties; and the auditor shall, after such claims have been approved by the board of county commissioners, draw a warrant or warrants on the county treasurer, who shall pay the same.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-7-5

Tuberculin cattle, goats, and cervids; identification

Sec. 5. Cattle, goats, and cervids that show a positive reaction to a tuberculin test shall be marked immediately using a method of identification approved by the board. All animals identified in accordance with the foregoing provisions shall be appraised by an authorized agent of the board or the United States department of agriculture. An identification on reactor cattle may not be tampered with or altered.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.124-2001, SEC.82.

IC 15-2.1-7-6

Tuberculin cattle, goats, and cervids; slaughter

Sec. 6. Cattle, goats, and cervids that show a positive reaction to a tuberculin test shall be deemed condemned and designated for further testing at a laboratory approved by the board or for slaughter within fifteen (15) days after appraisal. Animals designated for slaughter shall be slaughtered at an establishment where federal or state inspection is maintained and which is under the direction of an inspector employed by the United States department of agriculture or the board.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.124-2001, SEC.83.

IC 15-2.1-7-7

Tuberculin cattle, goats, and cervids; indemnity

Sec. 7. Owners of cattle, goats, and cervids that are destroyed because they have shown a positive reaction to a tuberculin test, or because they have been exposed by reason of association with tubercular animals, shall be indemnified for such animals in accordance with rules of the board and the United States department of agriculture. Payment by the state may not exceed the per animal limit set in the rules of the board. Payment for cattle may not be more than three hundred and fifty dollars (\$350) per animal. Joint federal-state indemnity, plus salvage, may not exceed the appraised value of each

animal. State indemnity may not exceed federal indemnity on each animal. No indemnity may be paid for cattle reacting to a tuberculin test which has been applied by any veterinarian other than the state veterinarian, his agent, or an agent of the United States department of agriculture.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by Acts 1977, P.L.167, SEC.1; P.L.124-2001, SEC.84.

IC 15-2.1-7-8

Quarantine; herds

Sec. 8. All herds of cattle, goats, and cervids in which any animal shows a positive reaction to a tuberculin test shall be deemed to be under quarantine.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.124-2001, SEC.85.